

Main Stream

M1	EIA, SEA and Sustainability Assessment	
M2	Cultural, Health and Social IA	
M3	Climate Change	
M4	Biodiversity / Ecology and Mitigation	
M5	Disasters Management in IA	
M6	Policy system, review and Implementation in IA	
M7	New emerging technology and Environmental Data Management in IA	
M8	Indigenous Peoples	
M9	Public Participation	
M10	Environmental Dispute Resolution	
M11	Compliance and Monitoring in IA	
M12	Others	

Proposed sessions

Proposed session name	Discription of the session	Name	Organizaion
S1 China's EIA System and Application Practice	介绍中国环境影响评价体系的政策背景和地方实践。具体介绍中国这政策环评——战略环评——空间规划环评——产业园区规划环评和建设环评的政策沿革。以及这几个领域环评的地方实践。其中政策环评以山东滨州固废政策为例。战略环评以山东能源战略环评为例。空间规划环评以海南空间规划环评为例。其他以承担的标准和政策文件编制及应用为例 Introduction about the policy background and local practices of China's environmental impact assessment (EIA) system. Specifically, It details the policy evolution of EIA at various tiers: policy-level EIA, strategic EIA, spatial planning EIA, industrial park planning EIA, and construction project EIA, along with local implementation practices across these tiers. Examples include: Policy EIA of Shandong Binzhou's solid waste policy; Strategic EIA of Shandong's Energy strategic EIA; Spatial planning EIA of Hainan's spatial planning EIA, and other instances drawn from the development and application of relevant standards and policy documents.	冯翰林	山东纵横德普环境咨询公司
S2 Cumulative Impact Assessment in EIA/SEA	This session explores the current status, practices, and challenges of cumulative impact/effect assessment (CIA/CEA) in Asia. Presenters will share experiences from different countries, including recent policy developments, methodological approaches, and practical case studies from various sectors. The session aims to highlight common issues such as data availability, inter-agency coordination, and regional-scale assessment frameworks, while also discussing opportunities for strengthening CIA implementation in Asian contexts through institutional reforms and capacity building.	Yuki SHIBATA	TOHO University
S3 Current status and challenges of the zoning approach for the appropriate introduction of renewable energy	This session focuses the current situation, effectiveness and challenges of zoning/spatial	Shigeo Nishikizawa	Institute of Science Tokyo
S4 SEA in Asia -Experiences, current situation and the future-	Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) is now prevailing in most countries in the world except a few countries such as Japan. As the role of SEA has become important for planning energy policy, IAIA recently made the SEA guidance for renewable energy planning. SEA is also important for city planning and land use planning to secure sustainability. Though SEA is common in Asia, there are many obstacles for good performance. We will exchange our experiences both success and failure and seek ways to introduce better SEA systems for good public consultation which should be based on enough information disclosure and participation.	HARASHIN A, Sachihiko	Institute of Science Tokyo (formerly Tokyo Institute of Technology)
S5 Improving Integrated Environmental Assessment Approaches in Asian Contexts	This oral presentation session aims to explore the roles of Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA), Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA), and Sustainability Assessment in supporting evidence-based and environmentally responsible decision-making. It will discuss how these tools guide project, policy, and program planning by identifying potential risks, strengthening social and environmental safeguards, and promoting long-term sustainability. The session will highlight current practices, regulatory frameworks, methodological challenges, and opportunities to improve integrated assessment approaches in developing contexts such as Myanmar. It is intended to provide practical insights for policymakers, researchers, and practitioners committed to advancing sustainable development through more effective environmental assessment systems.	Dr. Aye Aye Saw	Myanmar Survey Research Company Limited
S6 Impact Assessment for Climate Adaptation	Climate change is causing increasingly serious impacts in Asia and the world, while impact assessment is the first step for effective and efficient climate adaptation. This session invites presentations on various climate risks, including typhoons/tropical cyclones, sea level rise, flooding, droughts, heat/cold waves, and public health. Focuses of impact assessments could include science, governance, policy, finance, monitoring, enforcement and compliance at local, national or international levels. Case studies about individual projects are also welcome. Through comparison across countries, especially in the Asian context, this session will facilitate mutual learning and explore how impact assessment may be better utilized in climate adaptation.	Yuan Xu	The Chinese University of Hong Kong
S7 Integrated Impact Assessment and Participatory Decision Support Platform for Climate Change	This session aims to advance methodologies for developing integrated climate-impact assessment platforms that meaningfully support adaptation decision-making. As climate risks arise through interconnected pathways, there is a critical need for frameworks that coherently link climate scenarios, sector interactions, and the effectiveness of adaptation measures. Drawing on experience in designing linkage scenarios, analyzing cross-sectoral relationships, and organizing multi-sector impact models, the session will explore how these components can be integrated into a unified platform with a risk-reduction module. Ultimately, the discussion will highlight methodological frameworks for decision-support systems that are adaptable and transferable across diverse sectors and national contexts.	Young-Il Song	Korea Environment Institute
S8 Climate Change and ESG in the Era of AI	As the world navigates an unprecedented convergence of the climate crisis and the rapid evolution of Artificial Intelligence, the dual nature of AI presents both a challenge and an opportunity for global sustainability. While the immense energy demands of AI infrastructure pose new risks to carbon neutrality, the technology simultaneously serves as a transformative tool for climate modeling and ESG transparency. This session aims to bridge these domains, exploring how AI-driven innovation can be harnessed to strengthen environmental stewardship, social equity, and ethical governance. By bringing together leading experts, we seek to redefine the strategic role of ESG in an era where data and algorithms are fundamental to corporate value. Our goal is to foster interdisciplinary dialogue that yields actionable insights for a resilient, sustainable future. We invite participants to join this critical discourse as we navigate the complexities of AI and climate change to ensure a more inclusive global economy. Together, we will examine how responsible innovation can align with the enduring values of ESG to create long-term impact.	Moon-Hyun, Koh(高文焄)	Soongsil University
S9 From Conflict to Co-existence: Environmental Dispute Resolution in Renewable Energy Development in Japan	This session aims to explore renewable energy conflicts and their solutions in Akita, Yamagata, and Shimane, focusing on fisheries, landscape concerns, local governance, and community participation. Presenters will discuss case-specific drivers of conflict, institutional responses, roles of municipal governments, and emerging co-existence models between offshore/onshore wind projects and local communities. The workshop segment will engage participants in reflecting on common patterns across regions and designing practical principles for conflict-sensitive project development.	Ayano Takeuchi	Toho University
S10 Frontiers of Environmental Assessment and Environmental Modelling -Expansion to Diverse Stakeholders-	Environmental modeling is an essential approach for predicting the impacts of environmental alterations in advance and for evaluating multiple factors within environmental assessments. This session focuses on Cutting-edge modeling techniques applied to the prediction of impacts on the atmosphere, noise environment, water systems, and ecosystems. In addition to advancing scientific techniques, the session emphasizes the social dissemination and practical use of environmental modeling. Presentations are welcome on modeling approaches that can be effectively utilized not only by researchers, but also by policy and planning decision-makers and engineers, thereby supporting inclusive and evidence-based environmental assessment and decision-making processes.	Hirumu Okazawa	Tokyo University of Agriculture
S11 Policies and technologies of Biodiversity assessment/mitigation in EIA/SEAS, "No net loss", "Nature positive"	"Nature Positive" is about halting the ongoing decline of nature on Earth and reversing this trend by 2030 and achieving full recovery by 2050. The fact that development projects are the primary driver for nature loss and the EIA/SEA is a key to achieve "Sustainable Development" has been recognized since UNCED 1992. This session discusses new experiences of policies, technologies and case studies for "Nature Positive EIA/SEA".	Akira Tanaka, Ph.D. M.L.A.	A Tree Company
S12 Integrated modeling for renewable energy suitability in consideration with energy demand and sustainability	Currently, a variety of spatial data is used for environmental decision making supported by many types of models. Integrated models can produce new insights for a better understanding of the relevant issues. This session will explore such efforts, focusing on renewable energy suitability.	Kiichiro Hayashi	Nagoya University
S13 Environmental and Social Due Diligence of Renewable Energy Projects (wind/solar) on and off shore	This session explores the environmental and social due diligence of renewable energy projects, focusing on both onshore and offshore wind and solar developments. It will examine key sustainability challenges and risk management approaches, including community engagement, biodiversity protection, labor and safety standards, and supply chain integrity. Participants will discuss lessons learned from recent projects, emerging regulatory trends, and innovations in ESG assessment tools. The session aims to strengthen understanding of good international industry practices and promote integrated approaches that balance renewable energy expansion with environmental stewardship and social inclusion.	Carlos Perez-Brito	World Bank